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## පැරණි නිර්දේශය/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம்/Old Syllabus

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## Citizenship Education & Governance I

- \* This paper consists of 40 questions.
- \* Answer all the questions on this paper itself following the instructions given for each question.

·	
0	For each question from No. 1 to 10, Select the answer given within brackets and write it on the dotted line.
1.	is considered as a country where the direct democratic method 'initiation' is practised.  (Britain / France / Switzerland)
2.	is a country with two party system.  (India / Britain / China)
3.	is the support an individual gets from the outer environment to fulfil his/her requirements without being harmful to the other social living beings.  (Freedom / Equality / Rights)
4.	is known as a human society which has the supreme power above all other social organizations within a demarcated land area.  (State / Government / Tribe)
5.	is considered the primary stage of origin of nation states.  (Greek city states / Feudal state / Tribal state)
6.	Legislature of United States of America is known as
7.	
8.	Under the 13th Amendment to the Constitution, all functions related to national defence of the country
	belong to the list. (Provincial Council / reserved / concurrent)
9.	The Chief executive officer of a provincial council is
0.	Production of paper that started in 105 AD in China spread to other countries rapidly. This can be taken
	as an example for infiltration.  (direct / mutual / reviving)

		)
•	In questions No. 11 to 20, if the given statement is correct indicate $()$ , and if it is not correct (x) within the bracket given in front of each statement.	ct, indicate
11.	Israel is a country without a written constitution.	()
12.	Lawful conduct and extending support to uphold the law comes under virtuous duties.	()
13.	A special feature of intermediate goods that are used for production of goods is that they can be used only once.	()
14.	In countries with a socialist economic system the ownership of productive resources are owned by the government.	()
15.	Not paying attention to negative externalities is a healthy feature of market economy.	(
16.	The best method of resolving conflicts is to avoid the conflicts strategically.	()
17.	The law pertaining to offences done by an individual or a group of individuals against the society are called criminal law.	()
18.	According to 'Thesawalamai' law, a husband has the authority to sell or mortgage property without the permission of the wife.	()
19.	According to the present judicial system in Sri Lanka, appeals can be made to the Privy Council of England against a judgement given by Supreme Court.	()
20.	Function and power of safeguarding the constitution is vested in judiciary of Sri Lanka.	()
	Fill in the blanks in the question from No. 21 to 30 with suitable word/words.	V4444
21.	After a bill presented to the Parliament, is passed by the Parliament it is made a law by the	e signature
	of the	
22.	Executive Committee system was introduced through constitutional	I reforms.
23.	Obligation to fulfil responsibilities is known as	To the second se
24.	According to classification of human rights, right to engage in a lawful occupation falls under	
	rights.	
25.	Convention on the elimination of all forms of discrimination against woman is known as	
		***************************************
26.	Things like soil, water and air belong to the components of the envir	ronment.
<b>27</b> .	'Gross National Product' which is used to measure development belongs to the category of	
	measurements.	
28.	International relations are divided into two categories; diplomatic relations andrelations.	
<b>2</b> 9.	The organization formed by Soviet Russia and East European countries with military objectives	is
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
30.	The agreement formed with the intention of establishing a free trade zone among member c	ountries of
	SAARC organization is known as	

•	Select the correct or the most suitable answ write its number within the bracket given			31 to 40 from the a	nswers given a
31.	The direct democratic method that is used setting of ownership of land between two (1) referendum. (3) recall.	counti (2)	•	lt the people's will	on the ()
32.	The productive aids used by man in the productive aids used by the productive aids used by the productive aids used by the productive aids are producti		ive process is leading capital.	known as (4) enterprise.	()
33.	The factor/factors that affect/affects decisive multicultural society is/are (1) globalization and development in communication (2) development in the tourist industry. (3) immigration of people among countries. (4) embracing of new cultural aspects become	unicat	ion technology.	ural blending in the	present
34.	The focal source of Mohammedan law is (1) Ijma. (2) Kias.	(3)	Al-Quran.	(4) Al-hathees	()
35.	The Chief legal officer of Republic of Sri (1) Chief Justice. (3) Solicitor General.	(2)	Attorney Gene	eral. he Ministry of Justic	ce. ()
36.	Select the statement that mentions correctly (1) Properties owned by Tamil citizens in re (2) Properties only in Jaffna peninsula owned (3) Properties of all citizens who live in not (4) Properties of all Tamil citizens in Sri L	egions ed by ortherr	belonging to Tamil Citizens	northern province.	mei law.
37.	A type of cases that can be heard by High (1) cases on revenue. (2) cases related to marriages. (3) cases on bankruptcy. (4) cases on conspiracy against the government.	43	t under its juri	sdiction are	()
38.	An economic, social and cultural right is (1) right to believe in any religion. (2) right to express ideas. (3) right to receive compulsory education fr (4) right to personal security.				()
39.	A common environmental problem caused b (1) Salinization of soil. (3) Acid rains.	(2)	ural phenomena wildfires. destruction of		()
40.	What is more important in the use of resout (1) implementation of 3R concept. (3) increasing productivity.	(2)	for sustainable utilization and strict enforcen	conservation.	()

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## පැරණි නිර්දේශය/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம்/Old Syllabus

ම් ලංකා විභාල ලෙනුර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග **ලිපල්රකට් විභාගි (ලෙදාවිරාලමන්තුව** ශී ලංකා විභාල ලෙනුර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග ලෙනුර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග දෙනුර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග ලෙනුර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග දෙනුර්තමේන්තුව ශී

අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2017 දෙසැම්බර් கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2017 டிசெம்பர் General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2017

> පුරවැසි අධානපතය හා පුජා පාලනය I, II குடியுரிமைக் கல்வி மற்றும் சமூக நிர்வாகம் I, II Citizenship Education & Governance I, II

## Citizenship Education & Governance II

- \* Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- \* Answer five questions including question No. 1 and four other questions.
- 1. (i) Give two reasons why direct democracy is not practicable in the present world.
  - (ii) Name two countries where multi-party system exists.
  - (iii) Mention two qualifications an individual has to fulfil to become a voter in Sri Lanka.
  - (iv) Name two revolutions man has done to win human rights.
  - (v) Mention two major characteristics of a federal state.
  - (vi) Mention two powers devolved on the 'Cantons' or 'regional administrative units' in Switzerland.
  - (vii) Write two characteristics of capitalist economy.
  - (viii) Mention two objectives of presenting the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
  - (ix) Name two main components of the environment.
  - (x) Mention two modern criteria used for measuring development.

 $(02 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

2. (i) Name two components of a state.

(02 *marks*)

(ii) Mention three factors that influenced the creation of Nation States.

(03 *marks*)

(iii) Explain, taking three facts, how a citizen should act to make a democratic rule a success.

(05 marks)

- 3. (i) Give **two** examples to show that all nationalities in Sri Lanka worked in harmony with each other from ancient times. (02 marks)
  - (ii) Mention three benefits of working together with mutual understanding by different groups of people in a multi-cultural society. (03 marks)
  - (iii) Explain, three qualities that a citizen should practise for the good existence of a multi-cultural society.
- 4. (i) Mention two basic needs essential for the human existence.

(02 *marks*)

- (ii) The activities that are performed in any economy for fulfilling the needs and wants can be divided into three categories. Name those **three** categories. (03 marks)
- (iii) Describe the effect of globalization on the economy of Sri Lanka in relation to **three** facts. (05 marks)

5. (i) Mention two characteristics of law.

(02 marks)

(ii) Mention three duties of Attorney General.

(03 marks)

- (iii) Mention three measures taken by Sri Lanka to protect the independence of judiciary and describe one of them. (05 marks)
- 6. (i) Mention two objectives of measuring development.

(02 *marks*)

(ii) Mention three traditional criteria that are used to measure development.

(03 marks)

- (iii) Describe briefly **three** procedures that should be followed as citizens towards the environment for a sustainable development. (05 marks)
- 7. (i) Mention two fundamental rights found in the constitution of 1978.

(02 marks)

- (ii) The government have the ability to implement certain limitations on fundamental rights. State three instances that such limitations have to be implemented. (03 marks)
- (iii) Mention three legal duties an individual should fulfil and describe briefly the importance of one of them. (05 marks)

\* \* \*